Dent

## To the Right Reuerend and Right Honourable, the Lords Spirituall and Temporall Assembled in the High Court of Parliament.

An Abstract of the Greenances of John Wood, against the Right Honourable William Earle of Derby: And others.

With his humble Petition to this most Honourable Assembly.

Harper, affignes this Lease to Edward Wood, 1 1. Ian. 40. Eliz. for 3 80, li. in hand payed by Wood.

After this purchase, one Edward Warberry makes claime to the Mannor, by Affignment of a Lease formerly granted by the saide Earle to one Doughty for three lives: For which, Wood was forced to compound, and gave Markery great summes of money, to have the same affigned to James Wood and his two sonnes, Francis and John Wood.

Edward Wood enioyes the Mannor peaceably during his life; and by his last Will gave the same veto Francis and

Francis and John Wood, were invested in quiet possession of the same Mannor, vntill John Bourne sued them for an annuity of 45. li. per annum: which he without any right vnconscionably pretended to be due to him by a grant from Edward Wood.

Bourne sayling of his purpose, combined with one Robinson and Lestwich, and others, to excite the Earle to re-enter into the Mannor, for

non-payment of 15.li.being one halfe yeares rent.

The Earle makes a Lease to one Halfall in Octob. 7. In Re. of the premisses. Halfall commenceth suite against Harmer, and the other Tenants of Francis and Iohn Wood, for trial of the title, insisting chiefly upon these two strict points in Law (contrary to all equity.) First that the rent was not tendred until the sun was downe: and then, not in the proper place limited. But these were but false and colourable shadowes, as shall euidently appeare, had the Earle not fortified his claime, by his owne power and greatnesse, more then by right.

For the Earle being Chamberlaine of the Count Palatine of Chester, where the suite depended, by order of the Court, prohibited the Tenants to pay any money, that was or should grow due for Rent, to Francis and John Wood; thereby to disable them to defend the instice of their cause, they having no meanes to releeve themselves, but what should arise out of the profit of the saide Mannor, being both of the Ciphanes and Apprentises in London, and the petitioner John Wood, an infant vnder age.

Bourne being a Counsellor, prosecuted them still with multiplicity of suites.

And the Earle being Judge of the Court as aforesaide, stopt all proceedings that tended to his prejudice, and the advancement of the petitioner, and his brothers just title, and made such orders as might most disable the two woods, and strengthen his Lordships vnconscionable claime.

Yet by all these practises, the Earle could never euich the Mannor, but extorted it out of the petitioners handes, by compounding with Iohn Bourne and Francis Wood the petitioners brother, who delivered in the Leases and Assignments vnto the Earle, for a small summe of money, of which Bourne had the greatest part.

## Reasons why the Petitioner Iohn Wood should be releeved in this High and most Honourable Court.

First, the Earle was not to re-enter, vnlesse there wanted sufficient distresse to be taken vppon the Mannor for the Rent. That there was soo.li, in goods liable to distresse then vpon the Mannor, shalbe proued, so the Lease not forfeited.

Wood had two Leafes, one for the three Doughties lives in effe, the other for the three Harpers in reversion; fo if Doughties Leafe were for-

feited, Harpers must needs be on foote, for that in reversion could not be forfeited.

For the non-tender of the mony before the sun was down, Edward Wood lay then upon his death-bed, a prisoner in London, at the suit of Bourne: yet he was so provident, as he sent from thence to have the mony payed by one Rome, who in a floode was almost drowned, yet

came vpon the very day to Northwich, and the mony was tendred though late; and often after proffered to the Earle.

For the place, it could not be there tendred, for that Winnington that kept the keyes of the Towne-house, was by Robinson the Earls man, sent purposely out of Towne, as Winnington vpon his death-bed confessed, most earnestly beseeching the two Woods to forgive him: and Robinson for his good service done, had the Bailywicke of the Towne given him.

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The Earle was once honourably pleased, upon surrender of the old Leases, to grant a new Lease to sames, Francis, and some wood the petitioner; but by his Lordships Countesse and by the practice of Bourne, his Lordship was disswaded.

The release made by Bourne and Francis Wood, could not prejudice the petitioners title to the moity of the Mannor.

No equity to lose 700. li.paid for the Leases, and 200. li. spent in suite, for non-payment of 15. li. 700. li. of the 900. li. hauing bin forborne 22. yeares.

All the Harpers and the Doughties are yet living. So the moity of the Mannor of necessity belongs to the petitioner.

Lastly, for that by his Brothers deliuery in of the Leases and assignments to the said Earle, and the combination of Bourne, the petitioner is barred of all helpe in Law, or releese in Chancery.

The Petitioners most bumble request, is:

For that he hath not meanes in respect of his extreame pouerty, to pay the Pees to the speaker, and the other Officers. That your Lordships will honourably vouchsafe, to give order, that his Bill may be read: And when by your honourable censures he shall be enabled, and
his right by Act of Parliament restored, he will gladly satisfie all fees, and gratefully acknowledge the favour in forbearance.

The leafe is 120.li.per annum, cleare profit, the rent to the cheefe Lord discharged.

the moity whereof, with the arrerages this 12. yeares wrongfully detained, the Petitioner humbly requires.

The Petitioner doth beseech the Lord of all Lords, to crowne you all with eternal Honor.

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